Keats: Letters

- 1. John Keats died of _____.
 - a. tuberculosis
 - b. drowned in River
 - c. Suicide
 - d. Murder by his patron
- 2. What did Keats give us as the intuition of his thoughts in his letters mostly?
 - a. about novel
 - b. about drama
 - c. about poetry
 - d. about prose
- 3. When a man is capable of being in uncertainties, mysteries, doubts, without any irritable reaching after fact and reason is called according to Ketas?
 - a. Positive Capability
 - b. Negative Capability
 - c. Profound similarity
 - d. Visionary mode of creation
- 4. Keats wrote a letter to **J. H. Reynolds,** on 17, 18, April 1817. In this letter he said 'If I should receive a Letter from you and another from my Brothers on that day 'twould be a parlous good thing'. Here he mentioned 'on that day' as reference to a birth of famous play writer of Elizabethan age. What is the day of date?
 - a. April 20
 - b. April 21
 - c. April 22
 - d. April 23
- 5. Which of the following person's letter consisted the meaning of 'Negative Capability'?
 - a. Letter to George and Tom(Thomas) Keats
 - b. Letter to Shelley
 - c. Letter to John Taylor
 - d. Letter to John Hamilton Reynolds

- 6. Who first used the term 'Negative Capability'?
 - a. William Shakespeare
 - b. John Dryden
 - c. Alexander Pope
 - d. John Keats
- 7. A concept '**Negative capability**' is first articulated by John Keats about the artist's access to truth without the pressure and framework of logic or science. Especially To whom did Keats contemplate his own craft and the art of others
 - a. William Shakespeare
 - b. Aristotle
 - c. Thomas Middleton
 - d. Ben Jonson
- 8. Who said about John Keats 'There is hardly one statement of Keats' about poetry which...will not be found to be true, and what is more, true for greater and more mature poetry than anything Keats ever wrote'?
 - a. Shelley
 - b. T.S. Eliot
 - c. Lord Tennyson
 - d. Mathew Arnold
- 9. In letter to Benjamin Bailey, Keats wrote, "I am certain of nothing but the holiness of the Heart's affections and the truth of Imagination – What the imagination seizes as Beauty must be truth," Which of Keats poem is indicated by this lines ?
 - a. Endymion
 - b. Ode to Psyche
 - c. Ode on a Grecian Urn
 - d. Ode on a Melancholy
- 10. In whose letter did Keats describe theory of knowledge and of the human experience of the world that the intellect is a 'Mansion of Many Apartments'.?
 - a. Letter to Shelley
 - b. Letter to Benjamin Bailey
 - c. Letter to John Taylor
 - d. Letter to J H Reynolds

- 11. Which Chamber did Keats call the Chamber of Maiden-Thought?
 - a. First chamber
 - b. Second Chamber
 - c. Third Chamber
 - d. Fourth Chamber
- 12. Which is darkened and at the same time on all sides of it many doors are set open and all leading to dark passages, we see not the balance of good and evil?
 - a. Infant Chamber
 - b. Thoughtless chamber
 - c. Chamber of Maiden Thought
 - d. Chamber of enemy's apartment
- 13. To whom did Keats compare with Wordsworth and wonder on his 'less anxiety for

Humanity'?

- a. John Milton
- b. William Shakespeare
- c. Shelley
- d. ST Coleridge
- 14. Wordsworth's Tintern Abbey is best example for
 - a. Infant Chamber
 - b. Thoughtless chamber
 - c. Chamber of Maiden Thought
 - d. Chamber of enemy's apartment

15. According to Keats, The Imagination may be compared to _____

- a. Eve's dream
- b. Adam's dream
- c. Infant dream
- d. Maiden's dream