Indo-European Family of Language

- 1. According to whom, *P* in Indo-European, preserved as such in Latin and Greek, was changed to an *f* in the Germanic.
 - a. John Ronald Reuel Tolkien
 - b. Jacob Grimm
 - c. Jean-François Champollion
 - d. Mikhail Gasparov
- 2. 'Centum' is the _____ word. In English it means 'Hundred'.
 - a. German
 - b. French
 - c. Latin
 - d. Sanskrit
- 3. Who explained Grimm's Law consequently?
 - a. Karl Varner
 - b. James Eyre
 - c. William Greenfield
 - d. Robert Scott
- 4. Choose odd one from the list which has language groups and family.
 - a. Armenian
 - b. Hellenic
 - c. Germanic
 - d. Indo-European
- 5. Which of the following languages was become the language of Buddhism?
 - a. Prakrits
 - b. Pali
 - c. Hindi
 - d. Marathi
- 6. Urdu is by origin and present structure closely related to _____
 - a. Marathi
 - b. Tamil
 - c. Hindi
 - d. Bengali

- 7. Avestan is the language of Avesta. In which group does Avestan belong?
 - a. Iranian
 - b. Armenian
 - c. Hellenic
 - d. Albanian
- 8. Persian has been the language of an important culture and an extensive literature since the ninth century. Persian is also known as_____.
 - a. Avestan
 - b. Pahlavi
 - <mark>c. Farsi</mark>
 - d. Pali
- 9. Which language group is found in a small area south of the Caucaus Mountains and the eastern end of the Black Sea.
 - a. Armenican
 - b. Indian
 - c. Sanskrit
 - d. Albanian
- 10. Ironic, Aeolic, Arcadian Cyprian, Doric, Northwest Greek. These are the five principal dialectal groups. These dialects are belongs to the language of ______
 - a. Hindi
 - b. English
 - c. Greek
 - d. Latin
- 11. Northwest of Greece on the Eastern coast of the Adriatic is the small branch
 - named_

a. Albanian

- b. Italic
- c. Balto Salvic
- d. Celtic

12. Norman, Picard, Burgundian are the dialects of _____.

- a. English
- b. French
- c. Chinese
- d. Latin

- 13. Which of the following dialect is a variety of Occitan spoken by a minority of people in southern France?
 - a. Picard
 - b. Ile-de-France
 - c. Norman
 - d. Provencal
- 14. Wallon is a dialect of ______ spoken in southern Belgium.
 - a. French
 - b. English
 - c. German
 - d. Polish
- 15. Which of these languages are not a Baltic branch
 - a. Prussian
 - b. Latvian
 - c. Cornish
 - d. Lithuanian